reflection was deemed particularly useful with the timing of revalidation and encouraging reflection on practice from day one.

It continues to be an evolving document, as new feedback is received and research published, the pack is regularly adapted to meet the needs of our new staff. Considering transferability, we have already witnessed that it has been so well accepted that, we are making it available to all nursing staff to help assist them with self-development.

P-225

AN OBSERVATIONAL EXCHANGE PROGRAM BETWEEN HOSPICE AND ACUTE STAFF

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Background The complexity of patients in the hospice has significantly increased over the last five years, and includes non-cancer diagnoses. There is an increasing number of patients who are now admitted to hospices with a non-cancer diagnosis e.g. COPD, end stage heart and renal disease. Patients who are transferred from hospitals to hospices have increasingly more diverse and specific treatment regimes.

Why it is important? The 2016 End of Life Care audit in hospitals acknowledges that there has been steady progress in the care of dying people since the previous audit carried out in 2013 and published in 2014. However as in the past the provision for palliative care is inconsistent across the country, this is particularly true of out of hours. Although it is unfair to directly compare hospices and hospitals, the advantages of sharing specific knowledge and skills across the two is clear.

What is currently being done? A one-week nurse exchange; centred on observations, is agreed between St Ann's Hospice and the Renal, Cardiology, Haematology and Respiratory departments of Central Manchester Foundation Trust. Discussions are underway to include Gastro-enterology. The programme adopts a hands-on approach where knowledge and skills are shared through shadowing and observations.

Evaluation Following on from the renal exchange programme last year, a new evaluation form has been produced that captures the data in a more quantitative manner, thus allowing outcomes to be more auditable.

Overall objectives

- 1. Equip St Ann's staff with the skills and knowledge to deal with more clinically complex patients
- Raise awareness of individualised end of life care in a hospice setting.

The future This is an ongoing project, aiming to cascade across all hospital specialities, with a view to develop end of life care 'Champions' in each speciality. Our goal would be to see this partnership program replicated in other organisations.

P-226

STORYBOARDING AS AN AID TO LEARNING ABOUT DEATH SITUATIONS IN CHILDREN'S NURSE EDUCATION

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Although UK child death rates are falling (ONS 2015) their impact is out of proportion to their incidence in relation to the number of people affected and the severity of their effects (Hindmarch,

2009). The intensity of caring for children and families in death situations is known to have an impact on health care practitioners, both painful and rewarding (Papadatou 2009). Caring for dying children is one of the most challenging and unique experiences that student nurses experience while on placement in a variety of settings including hospitals, hospices and the community. Death education for nurses has been studied but there has been limited research into the preparation of those working with dying children and its effectiveness in preparing them for this role (Malloy et al., 2006; Carson 2010). This provides children's nurse educators with a challenge and opportunity to be innovative. Rather than relying on didactic methods when teaching loss issues to student nurses, educators should use creative, interactive and experiential approaches (Matzo et al., 2003; Carson 2010). Narrative pedagogy is appropriate for death education building on a common strategy for nurses caring for children and families in death situations where sharing experiences with colleagues and gaining emotional support is seen as a positive way to learn to manage grief and construct meaning (Keene et al., 2010). Storyboarding is an educational technique that has been used to facilitate narrative and reflection in nurse education (Lillyman et al., 2011; Lillyman and Bennett 2012). It "offers an engaging visual approach to narrative that is both simple and effective" (Johns 2013, p.260). This presentation will share experiences of using storyboarding with children's nursing students as an aid to reflection on death situations that they have experienced in practice and as a means of bridging the gap between theory and practice.

P-227

PRACTICE EDUCATORS - THE DUAL PROFESSIONALS

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The role of practice educators within hospices is a crucial one. They are instrumental in developing their own workforce, but they also make a significant contribution to the development of the wider health and social care workforce in their locality. The staff who carry out this role are highly qualified and experienced professionals from various specialisms, nursing, social work, chaplaincy and many others.

One of the challenges of the practice educator is the lack of access to suitable teaching and learning programmes. Over the past 12 months in the East Midlands we have worked on an innovative model of collaborative working, with three hospices (LOROS, Cynthia Spencer and St Barnabas) working together with a training provider to develop a bespoke programme which meets that challenge.

Nine staff have engaged in a combined programme which leads towards a certificate in teaching and learning, an assessor qualification and a quality assurance qualification. The formal face-to-face learning is a five-day programme, delivered over a period of six months, the sessions were hosted at the three different hospices. Each individual staff member was able to identify their own programme outcomes depending on their needs.

A number of staff are working towards all three qualifications, with others opting to achieve just one or two. The flexibility of the programme has meant that the needs of the organisations are being met, by building capacity for assessment and quality assurance, as well as the needs of the individuals to extend their knowledge and understanding of their second profession - teaching and facilitating learning.

The other positive outcome of the programme was the potential to share good practice and the opportunity to network with other professionals from different hospices. The flexible and creative support of staff from Well Training made this approach a positive experience for all.

P-228

INFLUENCING END OF LIFE CARE THROUGH KNOWLEDGE EXCHANGE

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Background The hospice vision is to help all in Central Lancashire facing life-shortening illnesses to have a good quality of life and when the time comes, comfort and dignity in death through specialised care, support and information that is available wherever and whenever it matters most.

The Commission urged hospices to find new ways to engage with local communities and learn about their needs.

Knowledge Exchange (KE) recognises the importance of sharing expertise, learning from others and empowering the local community to help themselves and each other.

Aims of KE are to

- Empower local people through access to trustworthy information and resources to enable independence and choice
- Ensure staff have the right knowledge skills and confidence to help local people achieve their wishes at the end of life
- Share our expertise and specialist knowledge with others to influence end-of-life care (EoLC) in other settings
- Work with local and regional universities, colleges and other education providers to bring new qualifications, education programmes and research opportunities to the local area.

Methods

- Partnerships with local organisations provision of expert information to help people plan for the EoL eg Birchall Blackburn Solicitors, Civil Service
- Patient education programmes to support people to selfmanage
- Working with CCGs and local NHS trusts to develop a community based education programme for professionals
- Partnerships with local colleges and universities to develop of a suite of EoLC qualifications
- Student programmes and placements.

- More people influenced by hospice care
- More people empowered and inspired to help each other
- More training, education and professional development in EoLC available to local professionals.

Conclusion

- KE builds on traditional and formal education structures to open a conversation with local people, professionals and students
- KE is helping to influence the provision and understanding of EoLC amongst health professionals and the local community.

P-229

QELCA© (QUALITY END OF LIFE CARE FOR ALL): AN INNOVATION IN END OF LIFE CARE EDUCATION -**DELIVERED BY THE SOUTH LONDON HOSPICE EDUCATION COLLABORATIVE (SLHEC)**

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Background Eight hospices (adult and paediatric) are collaborating to plan, deliver and evaluate end of life care training. The benefits include:

- Pooling of resources, knowledge, capacity
- Improved sustainability
- Joint funding bids
- Robust evaluations.

OELCA© Programme

The aim To empower participants to return to their working environment to lead change in practice, improving quality of care

QELCA© is a multi-professional course consisting of five days of practical (participating and observing) and theoretical (listening, reflecting and debating) learning activities and six months action learning (AL) in the workplace. The aim of the AL is to support implementation of planned changes for self, team and organisation. It is delivered to small groups of learners from the same organisation/team. The programme is delivered by specialist clinicians who have attended a two day train the trainer course.

With funding from Health Education South London (HESL) QELCA© has been adapted to enable clinicians from a range a care providers (acute, community, care homes, prison, psychiatry, paediatric, GPs) to attend.

Evaluation Using a mixed method of longitudinal approach all participants will be surveyed at baseline, six and 12 months asking about aims of undertaking QELCA® and the Self-efficacy in Palliative Care Scale (SEPC) (assessing efficacy in communication, patient management and multi-professional team working) (Mason, Ellershaw, 2004). A subsample of 20 participants will be interviewed at the same time points to explore their experience using a semi-structured approach. Findings will be reported in 2017.

P-230

PALLIATIVE CARE TRAINING IN RWANDA - WORKING TOGETHER TO EFFECT CHANGE

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The benefits of effective communication skills in patient care is well documented and our abstract illustrates how two unassuming healthcare professionals with Hospice and Tropical Health Education Trust (THET) support used these skills to cultivate and nurture relationships. This led to an unexpected invitation from